The latest issue of the newly- released <u>Journal of the</u> <u>Visitor Studies Association</u> attempts to quantify the problem with a study into broken exhibits at the *Museum of Science*, Boston, Massachusetts.

Data on visitor reactions to broken exhibits were collected via a variety of methods including comment cards, exit interviews and focus groups.

Subsequent analysis of the data revealed how the visitors report and react to less-than-100%-fully-functioning exhibits :

"They are most often reported when they are nonfunctional. Partially functioning exhibits and design issues (such as poor usability and missing or incorrect information) are also reported, but less frequently. "

The author goes on to discuss methods of reducing the (negative) effects of broken exhibits with reference to the *Field Guide for the Experience* <u>*Economy*</u> (2005) pamphlet.

Think :

 Real/Fake Matrix of Authenticity
Taking Note of the Notable and
"Ing" the Thing

26 NOV 07

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Mirth in Moscow

Many thanks to <u>New Scientist</u> for pointing us in the direction of :

' Computer Model of a " Sense of Humour ". I.

General Algorithm '

by I. M. Suslov, from the Kapitza Institute for Physical Problems, Moscow, Russia,

The new paper explains humour thus :

"The humorous effect is treated as a specific malfunction in the processing of information, conditioned by the necessity of a quick deletion from consciousness of a false version. "

Or, put another way :

" a sense of humour is biologically conditioned by the necessity to quicken the transmission of information to consciousness and of a more effective use of brain resources . . ."

> The author provides some possible humourtriggering examples :

" Is this a place where Duke of Wellington said his famous words?" "Yes, it is the same place but he never said such words."

And :

" My Uncle William has a new cedar chest" So ! Last time I saw him he just had a wooden leg."

Readers will no doubt have noted that this new explanation is almost diametrically opposed to the one proposed by *Sigmund Freud* early last century, when he pinpointed :

"... the pleasure obtained from laughter as the main cause of the existence of a sense of humour " * see note

For balance then, here's what some say is one of Freud's best jokes from the 1912 edition of his now famous master work : '*Jokes and their relation to the unconscious* '

" A man at the dinner table dipped his hands in the

mayonnaise and then ran them through his hair. When his neighbor looked astonished, the man apologized: " I'm so sorry. I thought it was spinach." . . . * Note : Sigmund subsequently changed his mind. In his 1927 essay 'Humour'; by then he'd determined instead that mirth was a way to ward off suffering. "The super-ego, like a parent, comforts the frightened childlike ego, repudiating reality by suggesting that however dangerous the world may seem, it is nothing but a game for children." (source : <u>Marvin Minsky</u> 1980) [no, no, please, stop, it's too much ! Ed.] 24 NOV 07 comments | permalink | back to the top Writing from Melbourne. Unfortunately, Really Magazine missed the recent International Graphonomics Society meeting in Melbourne, Australia. There were a selection of intriguing presentations on all things related to handwriting. For example : 'Alcohol intoxication and handwriting : spatial characteristics '(Monash University)

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